

Abstract Submitted
for the MAR16 Meeting of
The American Physical Society

Physical Properties of Fe-doped $\text{Ba}(\text{Mn}_{1-x}\text{Fe}_x)_2\text{Sb}_2$ Single Crystals ZHENYU DIAO, JIANNENG LI, AHMAD US SALEHEEN, TAPAS SAMANTA, W.ADAM PHELAN, SHANE STADLER, RONGYING JIN, Department of Physics and Astronomy, Louisiana State University — BaMn_2Sb_2 forms the ThCr_2Si_2 -type crystal structure and has the magnetic semiconducting ground state. In attempt to alter its ground-state properties, Mn is partially substituted by Fe resulting in $\text{Ba}(\text{Mn}_{1-x}\text{Fe}_x)_2\text{Sb}_2$. While the doped system remains the same structure for $x \leq 0.5$, its electrical and thermal conductivity decreases with increasing x , suggesting that doping-induced disorder plays an important role. Magnetically, we find that, with increasing x , the magnetic transition temperature T_M decreases (from 700 K for $x = 0$ to 500 K for $x = 0.5$) but magnetic susceptibility increases above and below T_M . These and low-temperature magnetization anisotropy suggest the canted-antiferromagnetic configuration with net magnetic moment in BaMn_2Sb_2 . The antiferromagnetic interaction is gradually suppressed upon Fe doping, leading to the enhanced ferromagnetic component in $\text{Ba}(\text{Mn}_{1-x}\text{Fe}_x)_2\text{Sb}_2$.

Zhenyu Diao
Department of Physics and Astronomy, Louisiana State University

Date submitted: 04 Nov 2015

Electronic form version 1.4