Abstract Submitted for the MAR16 Meeting of The American Physical Society

A numerical study of the energy gap of the quantum dimerpentamer model OWEN MYERS, University of Vermont, CHRIS HERDMAN, University of Waterloo — We present a study of the energy gap in the quantum dimer-pentamer model (QDPM) on the square lattice. This model is a generalization of the square lattice quantum dimer model (QDM), with a configuration space comprising fully-packed hard-core dimer coverings of the lattice, as well as configurations containing pentamers, where four dimers touch a vertex. Thus in the QDPM, the fully-packed, hard-core constraint of the QDM is relaxed such that the local dimer number at each vertex is fixed modulo 3; correspondingly, the local U(1) gauge symmetry of the QDM Hilbert space is reduced to a local Z_3 gauge symmetry in the QDPM. Previous work has demonstrated the disordered quantum liquid nature of the ground state of the QDPM at the Rokhsar-Kivelson point. Here we present a study of the energy gap above the ground state at the RK point, as computed via Monte Carlo from imaginary time correlations. To investigate the possibility of Z_3 topological order in this system, we study both the dimer density correlations as well as a \mathbb{Z}_3 generalization of \mathbb{Z}_2 vision correlations. Such vision correlations have previously been shown to display the nature of the low lying excitations in \mathbb{Z}_2 topologically ordered QDMs.

> Owen Myers University of Vermont

Date submitted: 06 Nov 2015 Electronic form version 1.4