

Abstract Submitted  
for the MAR16 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Scanned probe imaging of nanoscale magnetism at cryogenic temperatures with a single-spin quantum sensor** MATTHEW PELLICCIONE, ALEC JENKINS, PREETI OVARTCHAIYAPONG, CHRISTOPHER REETZ, University of California, Santa Barbara, EVE EMMANUELIDU, NI NI, University of California, Los Angeles, ANIA BLESZYNSKI JAYICH, University of California, Santa Barbara — The nitrogen vacancy (NV) defect in diamond has emerged as a promising candidate for high resolution magnetic imaging based on its atomic size and quantum-limited sensing capabilities afforded by long spin coherence times. Although the NV center has been successfully implemented as a nanoscale scanning magnetic probe at room temperature, it has remained an outstanding challenge to extend this capability to cryogenic temperatures, where many solid-state systems exhibit non-trivial magnetic order. In this talk, we present NV magnetic imaging at  $T = 6$  K, first benchmarking the technique with a magnetic hard disk sample, then utilizing the technique to image vortices in the iron pnictide superconductor  $\text{BaFe}_2(\text{As}_{0.7}\text{P}_{0.3})_2$  with  $T_c = 30$  K. In addition, we discuss other candidate solid-state systems that can benefit from the high spatial resolution and field sensitivity of the scanning NV magnetometer.

Matthew Pelliccione  
University of California, Santa Barbara

Date submitted: 06 Nov 2015

Electronic form version 1.4