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**Pressure effects on the physical properties of Kagome  $\text{Cu}_3\text{Bi}(\text{SeO}_3)_2\text{O}_2\text{Cl}$  metamagnet** WU-JYUN TSENG, HUNG-CHENG WU, PEI-YING YANG, D CHANDRASEKHAR KAKARLA KAKARLA, HUNG-DUEN YANG, Low temperature physics Lab, Department of physics, National Sun Yat-Sen University, LOW TEMPERATURE PHYSICS LAB, DEPARTMENT OF PHYSICS, NATIONAL SUN YAT-SEN UNIVERSITY TEAM — The effects of pressure on the structural and magnetic properties have been studied in Kagome  $\text{Cu}_3\text{Bi}(\text{Se}_{1-x}\text{Te}_x\text{O}_3)_2\text{O}_2\text{Cl}$  polycrystalline samples. The initial crystal structure  $P_{mnn}$  is gradually converted to  $P_{cmn}$  space group when  $x \geq 0.6$ , which could be determined by synchrotron X-ray diffraction, Raman spectroscopy, and magnetization measurements. The antiferromagnetic transition temperature ( $T_N$ ) and the critical field ( $H_C$ ) of metamagnetic spin-flip transition increase, but the value of saturation magnetization ( $M_S$ ) decreases with Te doping concentration. Under external pressure, the  $T_N$  and  $M_S$  increase, while the  $H_C$  reduces. These anisotropic pressure results could be explained by the modulation of competition between ferromagnetic intralayer and antiferromagnetic interlayer interactions. The route to control the metamagnetic spin-flip transition by anisotropic pressure effects might be helpful to understand the mechanism of field- induced multiferroic  $\text{Cu}_3\text{Bi}(\text{SeO}_3)_2\text{O}_2\text{Cl}$

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