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Tunneling in BP-MoS₂ heterostructure¹ XIAOCHI LIU, DESHUN QU, CHANGSIK KIM, FAISAL AHMED, WON JONG YOO, Sungkyunkwan Univ — Tunnel field effect transistor (TFET) is considered to be a leading option for achieving SS <60 mV/dec. In this work, black phosphorus (BP) and molybdenum disulfide (MoS₂) heterojunction devices are fabricated. We find that thin BP flake and MoS₂ form normal p-n junctions, tunneling phenomena can be observed when BP thickness increases to certain level. PEO:CsClO₄ is applied on the surface of the device together with a side gate electrode patterned together with source and drain electrodes. The Fermi level of MoS₂ on top of BP layer can be modulated by the side gating, and this enables to vary the MoS₂-BP tunnel diode property from off-state to on-state. Since tunneling is the working mechanism of MoS₂-BP junction, and PEO:CsClO₄ possesses ultra high dielectric constant and small equivalent oxide thickness (EOT), a low SS of 55 mV/dec is obtained from MoS₂-BP TFET.

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