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**Coarsening dynamics in the Vicsek model** SUPRAVAT DEY, School Of Physics and Astronomy, Rochester Institute of Technology, Rochester, NY 14623, NISHA KATYAL, School of Physical Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi- 110067, India., DIBYENDU DAS, Department of Physics, Indian Institute of Technology Bombay, Powai, Mumbai 400076, India., SANJAY PURI, School of Physical Sciences, Jawaharlal Nehru University, New Delhi- 110067, India. — We numerically study the flocking model introduced by Vicsek et al. (1995) in the coarsening regime. At standard self-propulsion speeds, we find two distinct growth laws for the coupled density and velocity fields. The characteristic length scale of the density domains grows as  $L_\rho(t) \sim t^{1/4}$ , while the velocity length scale grows much faster, *viz.*,  $L_v(t) \sim t^{5/6}$ . The spatial fluctuations in the density and velocity ordering are studied by calculating the two-point correlation function and the structure factor, which show deviations from the well-known Porod's law. This is a natural consequence of scattering from irregular morphologies that dynamically arise in the system. In contrast, at lower self-propulsion speeds, the morphology is distinct, and as a result a new set of scaling exponents emerge. Most strikingly, the velocity order follows the density order with  $L_\rho(t) \sim L_v(t) \sim t^{1/4}$ .

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