

Abstract Submitted  
for the MAR17 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**$\mu$ SR studies of the extended kagome systems  $\text{YBaCo}_4\text{O}_{7+\delta}$  ( $\delta = 0$  and  $0.1$ )** SUHEON LEE, WONJUN LEE, Chung-Ang University, JOHN MITCHELL, Argonne National Laboratory, KWANG-YONG CHOI, Chung-Ang University — We present a  $\mu$ SR study of the extended kagome systems  $\text{YBaCo}_4\text{O}_{7+\delta}$  ( $\delta = 0$  and  $0.1$ ), which are made up of an alternating stacking of triangular and kagome layers. The parent material  $\text{YBaCo}_4\text{O}_{7.0}$  undergoes a structural phase transition at 310 K, releasing geometrical frustration and thereby stabilizing an antiferromagnetically ordered state below  $T_N = 106$  K. The  $\mu$ SR spectra of  $\text{YBaCo}_4\text{O}_{7.0}$  exhibit the loss of initial asymmetry and the development of a fast relaxation component below  $T_N = 111$  K. This indicates that the Co spins in the kagome planes remain in an inhomogeneous and dynamically fluctuating state down to 4 K, while the triangular spins order antiferromagnetically below  $T_N$ . The nonstoichiometric  $\text{YBaCo}_4\text{O}_{7.1}$  compound with no magnetic ordering exhibits a disparate spin dynamics between the fast cooling (10 K/min) and slow cooling (1 K/min) procedures. While the fast-cooled  $\mu$ SR spectra show a simple exponential decay, the slow-cooled spectra are described with a sum of a simple exponential function and a stretched exponential function. These are in agreements with the occurrence of the phase separation between interstitial oxygen-rich and poor regions in the slow-cooling measurements.

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Date submitted: 11 Nov 2016

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