

this abstract is also more complete

Abstract Submitted
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Estakhr's Relativistic Decomposition of Four-Velocity Vector Field of Big Bang (Big Bang's Turbulence) AHMAD REZA ESTAKHR, Researcher — $\bar{U}^\mu = \lim_{\tau \rightarrow \infty} (\frac{1}{\tau} \int_0^\tau U^\mu d\tau)$ where the τ is proper time and $\tau_0 = 0$ is the beginning of the universe. $U^\mu = \bar{U}^\mu + U'^\mu$ Estakhr's decomposition is a mathematical technique to separate the average and fluctuating parts of Big Bang. where the \bar{U}^μ denotes the proper time average called steady component of big bang and U'^μ is fluctuating part called Big Bang's perturbations (Big Bang's Turbulence). Estakhr's Proper-Time Averaged of Material-Geodesic Equations Using this mathematical technique, (applications: Big Bang Hydrodynamics, Supernova Hydrodynamics, etc...) $\frac{D\bar{J}^\mu}{D\tau} = \overbrace{\bar{J}^\nu \partial_\nu \bar{U}^\mu + \partial_\nu \bar{T}^{\mu\nu} + \Gamma_{\alpha\beta}^\mu \bar{J}^\alpha \bar{U}^\beta}^{\text{SteadyComponent}} + \overbrace{\partial_\nu R^{\mu\nu} + \Gamma_{\alpha\beta}^\mu R^{\alpha\beta}}^{\text{Perturbations}}$ EAMG equations are proper time-averaged equations of relativistic motion for fluid flow and used to describe Relativistic Turbulent Flows (such as big bang eruption and/or supernova, etc ...).

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