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An Electron-Ion Collider: Physics Challenges and Opportunities

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The electron-ion collider, proposed by the US nuclear physicists and supported by a wide international community dedicated to hadron physics studies is, since recently, an approved project hosted at the Brookhaven National Laboratory. The collider is a world-wide unique facility dedicated to a long-standing mission: understanding QCD. Its goal is answering to central questions as the emerging of the nucleon properties, mass and spin, from the dynamics of the QCD partons, their three-dimensional structure and the properties of the nuclear systems with high gluon density. These investigations are possible thanks to the availability of polarized electron beams, polarized light nuclear beams and a variety of heavy nuclear beams, the tunable centre of mass energy from 20 to 140 GeV and the high luminosity up to $10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$. The time scale for the first physics run is of ten years from now. Intense preparatory activity is now ongoing. The project, its scientific potential and unique opportunities are discussed.