

Abstract Submitted
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Atom-fullerene hybridization, giant enhancement and correlation confinement resonances in the photoionization of Xe@C₆₀¹ MATTHEW MCCUNE, HOPPER DALE, HIMADRI CHAKRABORTY, Northwest Missouri State University, Maryville, MO 64468, MOHAMED MADJET, Free University, D-14195 Berlin , JAN MICHAEL ROST, MPIPKS, D-01187 Dresden, STEVE MANSON, Georgia State University, Atlanta, GA 30303 — A detailed theoretical study of the subshell photoionization of Xe endohedrally confined in C₆₀ is presented. A powerful hybridization of the Xe 5s state with the bottom edge of C₆₀ π band is found. Cross sections of these hybrid states exhibit rich structures and are radically different from the cross sections of free atomic or fullerene states [1]. The hybridization also affects the angular distribution asymmetry parameter of Xe 5p ionization near the Cooper minimum. The Xe 5p cross section, on the other hand, is greatly enhanced by borrowing considerable oscillator strength from the C₆₀ giant plasmon resonance [2]. Beyond the plasmon energy range the Xe subshell cross sections display confinement-induced oscillations in which, over the large 4dshape resonance region, the dominant 4doscillations induce their “clones” in all degenerate weaker channels known as correlation confinement resonances. [1] H. S. Chakraborty et al., *Phys. Rev. A* **79**, 061201(R) (2009); [2] M. E. Madjet et al., *Phys. Rev. A*, in press.

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