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**Observation of spin-density wave propagation in a spinor Bose-Einstein condensate** JOON HYUN KIM, DEOKHWA HONG, YONG-IL SHIN, Seoul National University — We report the observation of spin-density wave propagation in a spin-1 antiferromagnetic spinor Bose-Einstein condensate. We develop a spin-dependent optical obstacle which is attractive for  $m = 1$  and repulsive for  $m = -1$  with equal potential heights, by using a laser beam with its frequency tuned between the  $D_1$  and  $D_2$  transitions. By suddenly turning off the obstacle beam penetrating a condensate in an easy-plane polar phase, we observe that a magnetization pulse wave is generated. The pulse wave consists of a density dip of the  $m = -1$  component and a density bump for  $m = 1$ , and it propagates non-dispersively with a constant speed  $v_s$ , which demonstrates the linear dispersion of magnon mode of the spinor superfluid system. For comparison, we generate a mass-density wave in the same system, by using an ordinary spin-independent obstacle beam, and measure its propagation speed  $v_m$ . In our experiment, the ratio of  $v_s/v_m$  is measured to be 0.20, which asserts that  $c_2$  is twice larger than the conventional value from [PRL 99, 070403 (2007)]. Finally, we investigate a situation where the condensate is perturbed with an imbalanced potential for the two spin components, and observe that both mass and spin excitations are generated simultaneously but propagate separately.

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