

Abstract Submitted  
for the MAR08 Meeting of  
The American Physical Society

**Self-Assembled Epitaxial Multiferroic Nanocomposite Films Prepared by Polymer-Assisted Deposition**<sup>1</sup> HONGMEI LUO, HAO YANG, EVE BAUER, T. MARK MCCLESKEY, ANTHONY K. BURRELL, QUANXI JIA, Materials Physics and Applications Division, Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM 87545 — Multiferroic materials, which show simultaneous electric and magnetic ordering, have attracted considerable interest recently due to their unusual physical properties and potential device applications. Here we demonstrate that a cost-effective chemical solution approach of polymer-assisted deposition (PAD) is a very promising technique to grow self-assembled epitaxial multiferroic nanocomposite thin films: such as BaTiO<sub>3</sub>-NiFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> films grown on (001)-oriented LaAlO<sub>3</sub> substrate. X-ray diffraction (XRD), atomic force microscopy (AFM) and high resolution transmission electron microscopy (HRTEM) analyses show clear epitaxial relationship between the two phases and the substrate. The ferroelectric BaTiO<sub>3</sub> grains are embedded in the ferrimagnetic spinel NiFe<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> matrix. The composite films exhibit both ferroelectric and ferrimagnetic properties. The structure and properties will be discussed and compared with the nanocomposite films prepared by pulsed-laser deposition (PLD) method.

<sup>1</sup>This work was supported by LDRD Project at LANL.

Hongmei Luo  
Materials Physics and Applications Division,  
Los Alamos National Laboratory, Los Alamos, NM 87545

Date submitted: 20 Nov 2007

Electronic form version 1.4