

Abstract Submitted
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Random Fields and the Partially Paramagnetic State of CsCo_{0.83}Mg_{0.17}Br₃ JOHN-PAUL CASTELLAN, Argonne National Lab., MSD, B.D. GAULIN, McMaster University, W.J.L. BUYERS, NPMR, NRC, Chalk River Laboratories — Partially paramagnetic Neel states are among the exotic magnet states known to exist in nature as a consequence of geometrical frustration. This unusual magnetic structure occurs in the stacked triangular lattice antiferromagnets such as CsCoBr₃ and CsCoCl₃. CsCoBr₃ displays at least 2 magnetic phase transitions. The first, $T_{n1} \sim 28\text{K}$ where the system enters a 3-sublattice state in which one of the sublattices remains disordered and the second, $T_{n2} \sim 13\text{K}$ where the remaining disordered sublattice orders[1]. Critical neutron scattering measurements were performed on the doped system CsCo_(1-x)Mg_(x)Br₃ with $x = 0.17$. We will discuss the evolution of the observed two component scattering below T_{n1} in terms of a Random Field Ising model in both zero applied magnetic field and an applied magnetic field of 2.6T along the c-axis. [1] M.Mao et al. Phys. Rev. B 66, 184432 (2002).

John-Paul Castellan
Argonne National Lab., MSD

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