

Abstract Submitted  
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**Interband Transitions in  $\text{La}_{2-x}\text{Sr}_x\text{CuO}_4$  observed by Resonant Inelastic X-Ray Scattering** D.S. ELLIS, JUNGHO KIM, H. ZHANG, University of Toronto, S. WAKIMOTO, JAERI, J.P. HILL, Brookhaven National Lab, Y. ANDO, S. KOMIYA, CRIEPI, D. CASA, T. GOG, Argonne National Lab, Y.-J. KIM, University of Toronto — Resonant inelastic x-ray scattering measures the energy and momentum dependence of electronic excitations, whose probabilities are resonantly enhanced, in this study, by utilizing hard x-rays at the Cu K-edge absorption energy. Three main features in the resonant inelastic x-ray scattering spectrum of  $\text{La}_{2-x}\text{Sr}_x\text{CuO}_4$  were observed to develop as the doping  $x$  increased from the underdoped to the overdoped region of the high-temperature superconductor phase diagram. Measured at the zone-boundary momentum transfer  $(\pi, 0)$ , the spectra consist of three main peaks: one peak below an isosbestic point at 2.2 eV which strengthens at high doping, and two broad peaks above - one at 3.3 eV increasing in energy and decreasing in intensity, and the other stationary at higher energy. Taking a cue from existing band structure calculations, these peaks are interpreted as the transitions between stationary bands of non-bonding Oxygen, a Zhang-Rice singlet type band at the Fermi level, and the upper Hubbard band. These transitions are also discussed in the context of existing angle-resolved photoemission data.

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